

Test acoustique

# FORMS

## RM 1053 Twisted lin

ÉLITIS

| Fréquence (Hz) | $\alpha$ | TR vide (s) | TR matériau (s) |
|----------------|----------|-------------|-----------------|
| 100            | 0        | 10.9        | 11.04           |
| 125            | 0.01     | 11.44       | 11.26           |
| 160            | 0        | 11.61       | 12.70           |
| 200            | 0        | 11.39       | 11.75           |
| 250            | 0.01     | 11.99       | 11.62           |
| 315            | 0.05     | 11.48       | 10.47           |
| 400            | 0.01     | 9.62        | 9.37            |
| 500            | 0.04     | 8.68        | 8.13            |
| 630            | 0.11     | 8.19        | 7               |
| 800            | 0.15     | 7.33        | 6.08            |
| 1000           | 0.36     | 6.75        | 4.68            |
| 1250           | 0.44     | 6.67        | 4.35            |
| 1600           | 0.38     | 6.05        | 4.26            |
| 2000           | 0.54     | 5.95        | 3.75            |
| 2500           | 0.52     | 5.26        | 3.50            |
| 3150           | 0.52     | 4.42        | 3.12            |
| 4000           | 0.47     | 3.69        | 2.81            |
| 5000           | 0.68     | 3.1         | 2.25            |
| 6300           | 0.64     | 2.55        | 1.97            |

Table 1 : FORMS Twisted lin - RM 1053

Coefficient d'absorption et temps de réverbération avec et sans matériau en fonction de la fréquence par bande de tiers d'octave.

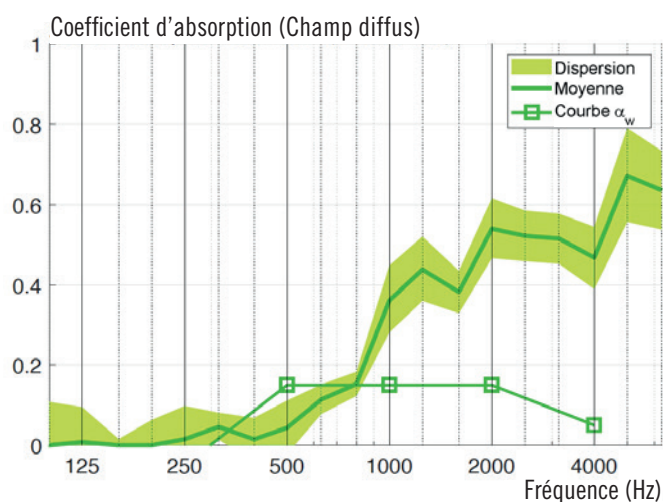


Figure 1 : FORMS Twisted lin - RM 1053

Coefficient d'absorption en champ diffus, dispersion et courbe de référence pour le calcul de l'indice unique  $\alpha_\omega$

| Fréquence (Hz)  | $\alpha$ |
|-----------------|----------|
| 250             | 0.02     |
| 500             | 0.06     |
| 1000            | 0.32     |
| 2000            | 0.48     |
| 4000            | 0.55     |
| $\alpha_\omega$ | 0.15 (H) |

Table 2 : FORMS Twisted lin - RM 1053

Coefficient d'absorption en fonction de la fréquence par bande d'octave et indice unique  $\alpha_\omega$

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## RM 1053 Twisted lin

| Frequency (Hz) | $\alpha$ | TR empty (s) | TR mat (s) |
|----------------|----------|--------------|------------|
| 100            | 0        | 10.9         | 11.04      |
| 125            | 0.01     | 11.44        | 11.26      |
| 160            | 0        | 11.61        | 12.70      |
| 200            | 0        | 11.39        | 11.75      |
| 250            | 0.01     | 11.99        | 11.62      |
| 315            | 0.05     | 11.48        | 10.47      |
| 400            | 0.01     | 9.62         | 9.37       |
| 500            | 0.04     | 8.68         | 8.13       |
| 630            | 0.11     | 8.19         | 7          |
| 800            | 0.15     | 7.33         | 6.08       |
| 1000           | 0.36     | 6.75         | 4.68       |
| 1250           | 0.44     | 6.67         | 4.35       |
| 1600           | 0.38     | 6.05         | 4.26       |
| 2000           | 0.54     | 5.95         | 3.75       |
| 2500           | 0.52     | 5.26         | 3.50       |
| 3150           | 0.52     | 4.42         | 3.12       |
| 4000           | 0.47     | 3.69         | 2.81       |
| 5000           | 0.68     | 3.1          | 2.25       |
| 6300           | 0.64     | 2.55         | 1.97       |

Table 1 : FORMS Twisted lin - RM 1053

Sound absorption coefficient and reverberation time with and without samples as a function of the frequency in third-octave bands.

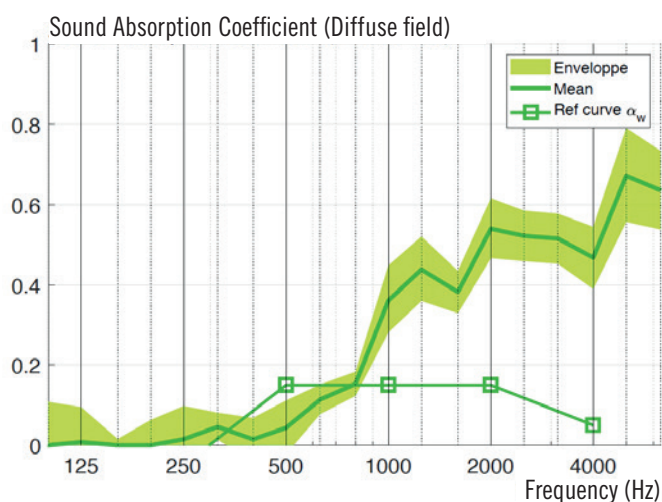


Figure 1 : FORMS Twisted lin - RM 1053

Sound absorption coefficient under diffuse field, envelope and reference curve for single-value indicator  $\alpha_w$

| Frequency (Hz) | $\alpha$ |
|----------------|----------|
| 250            | 0.02     |
| 500            | 0.06     |
| 1000           | 0.32     |
| 2000           | 0.48     |
| 4000           | 0.55     |
| $\alpha_w$     | 0.15 (H) |

Table 2 : FORMS Twisted lin - RM 1053

Sound absorption coefficient as a function of the frequency in octave bands and single-value rating  $\alpha_w$